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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/084,790	02/25/2002	Douglas Dillon	PD-201031	6225
	7590 06/01/200 & LLOYD LLP	EXAMINER		
P.O. BOX 1135	i		KOROBOV, VITALI A	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/084,790	DILLON ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Vitali Korobov	2155
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with	the correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D. Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period of Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNIC, 36(a). In no event, however, may a repwill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTH, cause the application to become ABA	ATION. ly be timely filed 1S from the mailing date of this communication. NDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>22 M</u> This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ This Since this application is in condition for alloware closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal matter	
Disposition of Claims		
4)	wn from consideration. is/are rejected.	cation.
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Example 11.	epted or b) objected to by drawing(s) be held in abeyanc tion is required if the drawing(s	e. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Burea * See the attached detailed Office action for a list 	s have been received. s have been received in Ap rity documents have been r u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	plication No eceived in this National Stage
•		
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date		/Mail Dateomail Dateomail Patent Application

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RESPONSE TO RCE

1. This Office Action is in response to the RCE filed on 11/29/2006 and an amendment filed on 03/22/2007. Claims 1, 2, 7-10, 12, 14, 19, 20, 22-24, 29-32 and 35-41 are currently pending and have been examined in this Office Action. The Examiner thanks the Applicants was pointing out a typographical error in previous Office Action related to the patent number cited.

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

2. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. The Applicant's submission filed on 11/29/2006 has been entered.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

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3. Claims 1, 2, 7, 9, 10, 19, 20, 23, 24, 29 and 36 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by the U. S. Patent 6,389,462 to Cohen et al., hereinafter Cohen.

Referring to claim 1, Cohen teaches a method for providing a proxy service, the method comprising: receiving a message from an application that supports browsing, the message being identified as invoking the proxy service (Abstract and col. 8, lines 11-28 - redirection of HTTP requests to a proxy. In addition to support of HTTP, Cohen specifically teaches client browser support in col. 2, lines 39-44); and selectively forwarding the message by a transport layer switching mechanism to a proxy agent configured to provide the proxy service (Col. 2, lines 66-67 and col. 3, lines 1-7 - selective forwarding of browser requests (requests that are directed to port 80) by a Layer 4, or the Transport Layer of the OSI Network Model), the transport layer switching mechanism residing in a host that is loaded with the application (Fig. 1 and Col. 6, lines 23-31), wherein the forwarding of the message is transparent to the application (Col. 16, lines 34-42 – forwarding of the message is transparent to the client and his browser application).

Referring to claim 2, Cohen teaches a method according to claim 1, wherein the proxy agent in the forwarding step includes at least one of a Hypertext Transfer Protocol (HTTP) proxy and a Domain Name Server (DNS) proxy (Col. 4, lines 7-10. Proxy that performs DNS look-ups is a DNS proxy. Even though this is sufficient for rejection of claim 2, the Examiner would like to point out that Cohen also teaches an HTTP proxy at least in col. 8, lines 11-28).

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Referring to claim 7, Cohen teaches a method according to claim 1, wherein the proxy agent resides in at least one of a host loaded with the application, a satellite modem, and a network element configured to perform routing of the message (Fig. 1 and Col. 6, lines 28-31).

Referring to claim 36, Cohen teaches a method according to claim 1, wherein the transport layer switching mechanism is configured to operate according to Layer 4 of Open System Interconnection (OSI) model (Col. 2, lines 66-67 and col. 3, lines 1-7 - Layer 4 switch).

Claims 9 and 10 do not teach or define any new limitations above those in claims 1, 2 and 7, and set forth the invention as an apparatus rather than a method, as do claims 1, 2, and 7. Therefore, claims 9 and 10 are rejected under the same rationale as the above rejected claims 1, 2 and 7.

Claims 19 and 20 do not teach or define any new limitations above those in claims 1, 2 and 7, and set forth the invention as a device rather than a method, as do claims 1, 2 and 7. Therefore, claims 19 and 20 are rejected under the same rationale as the above rejected claims 1, 2 and 7.

Claims 23, 24 and 29 do not teach or define any new limitations above those in claims 1, 2 and 7, and set forth the invention as a computer-readable medium rather than a method, as do claims 1, 2 and 7. Therefore, claims 23, 24 and 29 are rejected under the same rationale as the above rejected claims 1, 2 and 7.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 8, 12, 14, 22, 30-32, 37, and 39-41 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Cohen in view of the U. S. Patent No. 6,654,344 B1, issued to Toporek et al., hereinafter Toporek.

Referring to claim 8, modified Cohen teaches a method according to claim 1.

Cohen does not explicitly teach said method wherein the message is transmitted over a wide area network (WAN) that includes a two-way satellite network.

However, Toporek, in analogous art related to message transmission, teaches a method wherein the message is transmitted over a wide area network (WAN) that includes a two-way satellite network (Fig. 1, satellite 101).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skills in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the teachings of Toporek message transmission over a satellite link into the teachings of Cohen in order to provide a more efficient way of managing the transmission of information for Internet services over large geographical regions (Toporek, 2:60-64). Modified in this manner Cohen is further referred to as modified Cohen.

Claims 12 and 14 do not teach or define any new limitations above those in claim 8, and set forth the invention as an apparatus rather than a method, as does claim 8.

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Therefore, claims 12 and 14 are rejected under the same rationale as the above rejected claim 8.

Claim 18 does not teach or define any new limitations above those in claim 8 and sets forth the invention as a system rather than a method, as does claim 8. Therefore, claim 18 is rejected under the same rationale as the above rejected claim 8.

Claim 22 does not teach or define any new limitations above those in claim 8, and sets forth the invention as a device rather than a method, as does claim 8. Therefore, claim 22 is rejected under the same rationale as the above rejected claim 8.

Claim 30 does not teach or define any new limitations above those in claim 8, and sets forth the invention as a computer-readable medium rather than a method, as does claim 8. Therefore, claim 30 is rejected under the same rationale as the above rejected claim 8.

Claims 31 and 32 do not teach or define any new limitations above those in claims 1, 2 and 7, and set forth the invention as a network apparatus rather than a method, as do claims 1, 2 and 7. Therefore, claims 31 and 32 are rejected under the same rationale as the above rejected claims 1, 2 and 7.

Claim 35 does not teach or define any new limitations above those in claim 8, and sets forth the invention as a network apparatus rather than a method, as does claim 8. Therefore, claim 35 is rejected under the same rationale as the above rejected claim 8.

Claims 37 and 39-41 do not teach or define any new limitations above those in claim 36, and set forth the invention as an apparatus, a device, a computer-readable

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medium and a network apparatus, respectively, rather than a method, as does claim 36. Therefore, claims 37 and 39-41 are rejected under the same rationale as the above rejected claim 36.

5. **Examiner's note:** Examiner has cited particular columns and line numbers in the references as applied to the claims above for the convenience of the applicant. Although the specified citations are representative of the teachings of the art and are applied to the specific limitations within the individual claim, other passages and figures may apply as well. It is respectfully requested from the applicant in preparing responses, to fully consider the references in entirety as potentially teaching all or part of the claimed invention, as well as the context of the passage as taught by the prior art or disclosed by the Examiner.

Response to Arguments

6. Applicant's arguments filed 11/01/2005 have been fully considered, however, the Applicant's arguments related to claims 1, 4, 9, 19 and 23 are not persuasive.

The Applicant argues that Cohen fails to anticipate said claims on the grounds that Cohen does not mention "any host, much less a host that is loaded with the application". The Examiner respectfully disagrees. Indeed, according to Cohen, proxy redirector 104 is a fully functional computer, running Linux operating system, loaded with gateway application, and as such meets a definition of a host.

The Applicant's remarks regarding claim 31 have been fully considered but are most in view of the new grounds of rejection.

Conclusion

7. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Applicant is reminded that in amending in response to a rejection of claims, the patentable novelty must be clearly shown in view of the state of the art disclosed by the references cited and the objection made. Applicant must show how the amendments avoid such references and objections. See 37 CFR § 1.111(c).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Vitali Korobov whose telephone number is 571-272-7506. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Friday 8a.m. - 4:30p.m.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Saleh Najjar can be reached on (571)272-4006. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

05/28/2007 VAK

SALEH NAJJAR.

Vitali Korobov Examiner